CODY DISPATCH INCIDENT ORGANIZER



Incident Name			
T/R/S			
Fire Code	BLM:	USFS:	
Lat/Long (NAD83)			
Ranger District/Field Office			

TOTAL TOOK COMMISSION	rtaino.	D ato.	1 11110.
Containment Date			
& Time			
Control Date &			
Time			
Out Date & Time			
F' O' D	BLM:	USFS:	
Final Size By	State:	Private:	
Ownership	0.1	T 4 1	

Date:

Total:

Date:

Time:

Time:

Directions and Intent:

IC#1 Took Command

IC#2 Took Command

MOST INCIDENTS ONLY REQUIRE FILLING OUT SOME OF THE PAGES - i.e., TYPE 4 AND 5 INCIDENTS. (In these situations, fill out afterwards when doing your AAR.)

- Intended to provide the IC with a format and focal point to begin processing an incident that is emerging. (Start to plan the fight – delegate – instead of fighting the fight and possibly losing your situational awareness as IC.)
- Use until an Incident is out or operating on an IAP.

Name:

Name:

Other:

- Serves as an Incident Workbook used in conjunction with the Incident Response Pocket Guide, Redbook, or Fireline Handbook.
- Gray-blocked items are required to be filled in for 30-mile accident prevention (Forest Service).

IC#1 Signature:	
IC#2 Signature:_	
•	

		Initial	Atta	ick F	ire Si	ze-	Up				
Incident Action #:	Incide	ent Name		Date			•	Tin	ne:		
Reported By:											
Arrival Date:				Tim	e:						
Geographical Descri	iption:										
Legal:	Towns			Ran	nge:				ction(s):	
Coordinates:		Latitude						gitude			
Estimated size in a	cres:	Ownersh	ip @	Orig	gin:		Com	plexit	y:		
Est. Containment Da					. Cont	rol I	Date/T	ime:			
Cause: Lightning_		n Unkr	own				Struc	tures	Thre	ater	ned:
Specify Human Car Fire Investigator Nee Name:		No □Ye	S				□w	UI			
Control Problems/Ha	azards:						Addit	tional	Reso	urc	es Needed:
Observed Hazards:				Initia	al Inci	den	t Com	mand	ler:		
Spread Potential:	1. Lov	V	2.	Mode	erate	3.	High		4. [Extr	eme
E. D	1. Sm	oldering	3.	Runn	ning	5.	Torch	ing	7. (Cro	wn/spotting
Fire Behavior:	2. Cre	eping	4.	Spott	ting	6.	Crowr	ning	8. E	Erra	itic
Flame Length:						ft	-				
Slope:	1. 0-2		26-4	10%			55%	4. 5	6-75%		5. 76 + %
	1. Rid			_	Middl						/ bottom
Position on Slope:	2. Sad				Lowe						/Plateau
		per 1/3					oottom		9. Fla		r rolling
Aspect:	1. Fla				5. SE			SW		_	. NW
лэресі.	2. N	4. E			6. S			W			0. Ridgetop
		ort Grass		5.	Brush	า (2	ft)				vood Litter
		ber/Grass	6	6	Dorm	ant	Brush	1			oer (Litter &
Fuel Model:	Unde								Unde		
	3. Tal	Grass					n Roug	h			ogging Slash
	4. Cha	apparal			Close tter	ed I	Timber		12. N Slasi		Logging
	1. Cle			-			5. Lig				
Weather		attered Clo					6. Ov				
Conditions:	3. Bui	lding Cum	ulus				7. Inte			าดพ	ers
		torm in Ar	ea				8. He	avy R			
Wind:	Speed	d (MPH):		G	usts:				Direc	ctior	า:
Elevation:						ft					
	ee bac	k page fo	r rec	uire	d Med	liva	c info	rmati	on***		
Medivac Location:	Lat			Lo	ong				Eleva	atio	n
Alt Medivac	Lat			Lo	ong				Eleva	atio	n
Location: Medivac Location											
Hazards:											

Wildland Fire Risk and Complexity Assessment

The Wildland Fire Risk and Complexity Assessment should be used to evaluate firefighter safety issues, assess risk, and identify the appropriate incident management organization. Determining incident complexity is a subjective process based on examining a combination of indicators or factors. An incident's complexity can change over time; incident managers should periodically re-evaluate incident complexity to ensure that the incident is managed properly with the right resources.

Instructions:

Incident Commanders should complete Part A and Part B and relay this information to the Agency

Administrator. If the fire exceeds initial attack or will be managed to accomplish resource management objectives, Incident Commanders should also complete Part C and provide the information to the Agency Administrator.

Part A: Firefighter Safety Assessment

Evaluate the following items, mitigate as necessary, and note any concerns, mitigations, or other information.

Evaluate these items	Concerns, mitigations, notes
LCES	Concorns, margarisms, notes
Fire Orders and Watch Out Situations	
Multiple operational periods have occurred without achieving initial objectives	
Incident personnel are overextended mentally and/or physically and are affected by cumulative fatigue.	
Communication is ineffective with tactical resources and/or dispatch.	
Operations are at the limit of span of control.	
Aviation operations are complex and/or aviation oversight is lacking.	
Logistical support for the incident is inadequate or difficult.	

### Values ### BI. Infrastructure/Natural/Cultural Concerns ### Based on the number and kinds of values to be protected, and the difficulty to protect them, rank this element low, moderate, or high. Considerations: key resources potentially affected by the fire such as urban interface, structures, critical municipal watershed, commercial timber, developments, recreational facilities, power/pipelines, communication sites, highways, potential for evacuation, unique natural resources, special-designation areas, T&E species habitat, cultural sites, and wilderness. ### B2. Proximity and Threat of Fire to Values #### Evaluate the potential threat to values based on their proximity to the fire, and rank this element low, moderate, or high. #### B3. Social/Economic Concerns #### Evaluate the potential impacts of the fire to social and/or economic concerns, and rank this element low, moderate, or high. #### Considerations: impacts to social or economic concerns of an individual, business, community or other stakeholder, other fire management jurisdictions; tribal subsistence or gathering of natural resources; air quality regulatory requirements; public tolerance of smoke; and restrictions and/or closures in effect or being considered. ########## Hazards ###################################			
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mulces, adjective file danger rating, preparedness level.	Н		H V
Enter the number of items circled for each column.			

Relative Risk Rating (circle one):

Low	Majority of items are "Low", with a few items rated as "Moderate" and/or "High".
Moderate	Majority of items are "Moderate", with a few items rated as "Low" and/or "High".
High	Majority of items are "High"; A few items may be rated as ""Low" or "Moderate".

Part B: Relative Risk Assessment		
Part B: Relative Risk Assessment Notes/Mitigation		
Notes/Mitigation		
Notes/Mitigation		
-		

Part C: Organization

Relative Risk Rating (From Part B)				
Circle the Relative Risk Rating (from Part B).		L	M	Н
Implementation Difficulty				
C1. Potential Fire Duration Evaluate the estimated length of time that the fire may continue to burn if no action is taken and amount of season remaining. Rank this element low, moderate, or high. Note: This will wary by geographic area.	11//	L	M	Н
C2. Incident Strategies (Course of Action) Evaluate the level of firefighter and aviation exposure required to successfully meet the current strategy and implement the course of action. Rank this element as low, moderate, or high. Considerations: Availability of resources; likelihood that those resources will be effective; exposure of firefighters; reliance on aircraft to accomplish objectives; trigger points clear and defined.	N/A	L	M	H
Evaluate the need to increase organizational structure to adequately and safely manage the incident, and rank this element low (adequate), moderate (some additional support needed), or high (current capability inadequate). Considerations: Incident management functions (logistics, finance, operations, information, planning, safety, and/or specialized personnel/equipment) are inadequate and needed; access to EMS support, heavy commitment of local resources to logistical support; ability of local businesses to sustain logistical support; substantial air operation which is not properly staffed; worked multiple operational periods without achieving initial objectives; incident personnel overextended mentally and/or physically; Incident Action Plans, briefings, etc. missing or poorly prepared; performance of firefighting resources affected by cumulative fatigue; and ineffective communications.	N/A	L	M	Н
Socio/Political Concerns				+
C4. Objective Concerns Evaluate the complexity of the incident objectives and rank this element low, moderate, or high. Considerations: clarity; ability of current organization to accomplish; disagreement among cooperators; tactical/operational restrictions; complex objectives involving multiple focuses; objectives influenced by serious accidents or fatalities.	N/A	L	M	Н
C5. External Influences Evaluate the effect external influences will have on how the fire is managed and rank this element low, moderate, or high. Considerations: limited local resources available for initial attack; increasing media involvement, social/print/television media interest; controversial fire policy; threat to safety of visitors from fire and related operations; restrictions and/or closures in effect or being considered; pre- existing controversies/ relationships; smoke management problems; sensitive political concerns/interests.	N/A	L	M	H
C6. Ownership Concerns Evaluate the effect ownership/jurisdiction will have on how the fire is managed and rank this element low, moderate, or high. Considerations: disagreements over policy, responsibility, and/or management response; fire burning or threatening more than one jurisdiction; potential for unified command; different or conflicting management objectives; potential for claims (damages); disputes over suppression responsibility.	N/A	L	M	Н
Enter the number of items circled for each column.				+

Notes/Mitigation		
Notes/Mitigation		
110tcs/111tigation		

Part C: Organization (continued)

Recommended Organization (circle one):

11000mmuu	organization (errere one).
Type 5	Majority of items rated as "N/A"; a few items may be rated in other categories.
Type 4	Majority of items rated as "Low", with some items rated as "N/A", and a few items rated as "Moderate" or "High".
Type 3	Majority of items rated as "Moderate", with a few items rated in other categories.
Type 2	Majority of items rated as "Moderate", with a few items rated as "High".
Type 1	Majority of items rated as "High"; a few items may be rated in other categories.

Rationale:

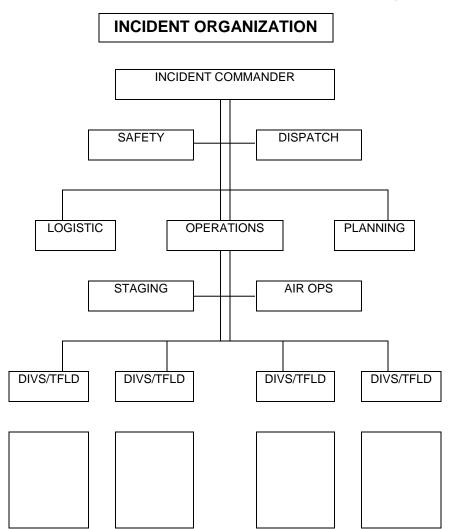
Use this section to document the incident management organization for the fire. If the incident management organization is different than the

Wildland Fire Risk and Complexity Assessment recommends, document why an alternative organization was selected. Use the "Notes/Mitigation" column to address mitigation actions for a specific element, and include these mitigations in the rationale.

			Resour	Resource Summary	۲			
Resource ID	Resource Type	ETA/On Site	Arrival Time	No. of People	Briefed Y/N	Assignment	Release Time	Request Number
		/						
		/						
		/						
		/						
		/						
		/						
		/						
		/						
		/						
		/						
		/						
		/						
		/						
DOCE	DOCUMENT BRIEFING	NG FOR ALL INCOMING RESOURCES (USE INSIDE BACK COVER OF THE IRPG) *CHECK FOR WORK/REST STATUS	OMING RE	SOURCES (USE INS	DE BACK CC	OVER OF TH	E IRPG)

Incident Objectives						
1. SAFETY OF FIREFIGHTERS AND PUBLIC						
2.						
3.						
4.						
5.						
6.						
Your goal is to manage the incident and not create another.						

(Examples: protect structures, keep fire to east of road, river, or ridge)



BRIEFING CHECKLIST

- SITUATION:
- * Fire name, location, map orientation, other incidents in area
- * Terrain influences
- * Fuel type and condition
- * Fire weather (previous, current, and expected) Winds, RH, temperature, etc.
- * Fire behavior (previous, current, and expected) Time of day, slope, wind, etc.

MISSION/EXECUTION:

- * Command Incident Commander/immediate supervisor
- * Commander's intent Overall strategy/objectives
- * Specific tactical assignments
- * Contingency plans

COMMUNICATIONS:

- * Communication plan tactical, command, air-to-ground frequencies, phone numbers
- * Medivac plan

SERVICE/SUPPORT:

- * Other resources Working adjacent and those available to order, Aviation Operations
- * Logistics Transportation, supplies, and equipment

RISK MANAGEMENT:

- * Identify known hazards and risks
- * Identify control measures to eliminate hazards/reduce risk, anchor points, LCES
- * Identify trigger points for disengagement/re-evaluation of operational plan

QUESTIONS OR CONCERNS?

RADIO FREQUENCIES								
Net	Frequency	Code Guard						
Commond	Rx							
Command	Tx	Tx						
Support/Dispatch	Rx							
	Tx	Tx						
Air-to-Ground	Rx							
All-to-Ground	Tx	Tx						
Air-to-Air	Rx							
All-to-All	Tx	Tx						
Tac 1	Rx							
Tac I	Tx	Tx						
Tac 2	Rx							
	Tx	Tx						
CO	NTACT LIST/PHONE NUMBE	RS						
Position/Name	Agency	Phone#/Radio Freq.						
	FIRE/CRASH RESCUE	1						
Fire								
Rescue	MEDICAL							
Ambulance	WEDICAL	1						
Air Ambulance								
Hospital								
Burn Center								
Poison Center								

Work Rest Ratio Documentation Worksheet

This worksheet is designed to help the IC document and calculate amount of rest required to meet the Work/Rest guidelines.

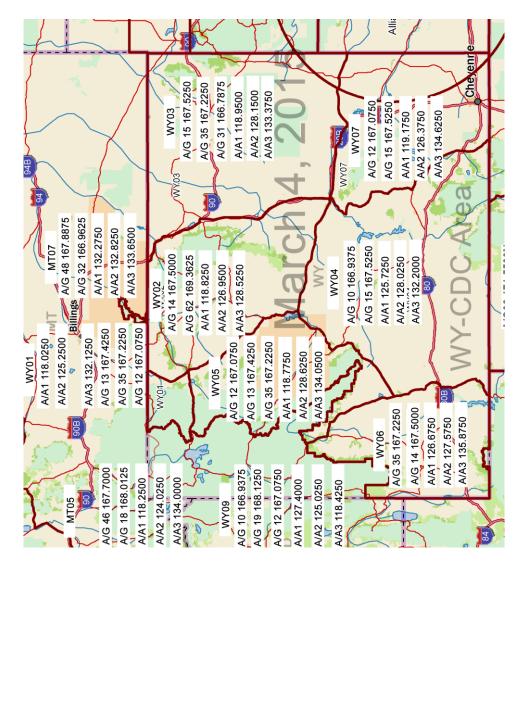
- For every 2 hours of work or travel provide 1 hour of sleep or rest.
- IC must justify and document work shifts exceeding 16 hours and those that do not meet the 2:1 work/rest guidelines -- see below.

Date	Operational Period Start Time	Operational Period Stop 1	al Fime	Total Hours Worked	Rest Time (document hours when employee or module rested)
Approva 16 hrs (l al for shift lengths exc given by:	l eeding	Date	l e/Time Approval (I Given:
IC Sign	ature:		Date	e :	

	MAP SKETCH						
Prepared by:	Position:	Date/Time					
Fiepaleu by.	rusitiuii.	Date/Tille					

Incident Commander Responsibilities

Action	Documentation Required?
Make safety of firefighters and the public the highest priority. When a potentially life-threatening situation exists, supersede natural and cultural resource considerations if necessary to provide for safety.	No
Prepare a complexity analysis on each wildland fire at the time of initial attack as part of the size up.	Yes
Ensure all firefighting actions are in full compliance with the Ten Standard Fire Orders and mitigation of the applicable Watch Out Situations has been accomplished.	No
Ensure arriving ground fireline resources on Type 3 – 5 wildland fires have positive and documented contact with appropriate incident management personnel and receive a briefing.	Yes
Provide fireline qualified individuals training on entrapment recognition and deployment protocols when such training has not been provided by the home/host Units.	Yes
Manage fatigue of personnel and ensure compliance with work/rest and length of assignment guidelines.	Yes
Personally conduct inspections for safety and health hazards, including compliance with the Ten Standard Fire Orders and mitigation of applicable Watch Out Situations.	Yes
Assign personnel to fireline positions for which they are qualified, as certified by their employing agency. Assign trainees per FSH 5109.17.	No
Include compliance with the Ten Standard Fire Orders and mitigation of applicable Watch Out Situations in after-action reports.	Yes
Monitor effectiveness of planned strategy and tactics. Immediately delay, modify, or abandon firefighting action on any part of a wildland fire where strategies and tactics cannot be safely implemented.	No
Ensure that performance ratings are completed on Type 3 – 5 wildland fires for all ground resources assigned from outside the local area.	Yes
On Type 1 – 3 wildland fires, accept no collateral duties except for unfilled command and general staff positions.	No

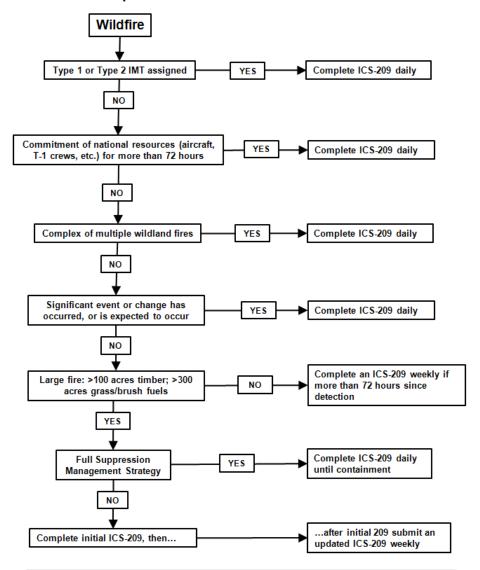


		SPO	ΓWΕ	ATHER	OBSE	RVATI	ON A	AN	D FOI	RECAS	T RE	QUES	Т	
Requesting	g Agency w	ill Furnish Infor	mation fo	r Blocks 1-	-12									
1. Incident	or Project		2. Cont	rol Agency	,		Tio	ne:			3. Requ	uest Made Date:	9	
4. Location	(Designate	e Township, Ra	inge, and	Section (8	k ¼ Section)):	5. Drainage Name: 6. Exposure/Aspect:					spect:		
7. Size of I		Project:		8. E	levation:		9. 1	Fuel	Туре			10. Pr	roject On:	:
Acre	S		Тор		Botton	n						□Gro	ound owning	
11. Weathe	er Condition	ns at Incident o	r Project	or from RA	WS							•		
Place	Elev	Observati Time		Wind Direction/Velocity		n D	Temperat		re be complete Weather F		eted by t			Remarks (% cloud cover)
				20 Foot	Eye Leve	el Bu	dÌu	vve	t Bulb	RH	L	Ρ		
12. Send F	orecast 10	(Person):	Send	Forecast I	o (Location):		Send	d For	ecast Via	a:		Send (Copy To:	
13. The Fir	e Weather	Forecaster will	Furnish t	he Informa	ation for Bloc	k 13						l .		
13. Discuss	sion & Outle	ook:					Date	e & Ti	me:					
Burn P	eriod	Sky Cov	/er	Temp	perature	Hur	midity		Eye Level		Wind	d 20 Foot		Indices
☐ This Aft (noon to du ☐ This Ev (1600 to du ☐ Tonight	□ Today (sunrise to dusk) □ This Afternoon (noon to dusk) □ This Evening (1600 to dusk) □ Tonight (sunset to sunrise) □ Mostly Sunny □ Clear □ Fair □ Partly Cloudy □ Mostly Cloudy □ Cloudy □ Cloudy □ Variable		☐ High					Directi	slope wnslope ion MPH MPH	Dir Ve	Upslope Downslop ection N	 ИРН	Haines: LAL: ERC: CWR:	
☐ Today (sunrise to ☐ This Aft (noon to du ☐ This Ev (1600 to du ☐ Tonight (sunset to s	ernoon usk) ening usk)			Max % Min Range			Direction D Vel MPH Vel.		Dir Ve	Upslope Downslope Direction Vel. MPH Gusts MPH		Haines: LAL: ERC: CWR:		
Outlook for	Partly Cloudy High		☐ Min	Max % Min Min Range		Directi	wnslope	Dir Ve	Upslope Downslop ection N	 ИРН	Haines: LAL: ERC: CWR:			
Name of W	eather For	ecaster:		•			Fire	Wea	ther Offic	e Issuing Fo	orecast:			
			l									l		
14. Forecast Received (Name): Date:				Time: Forecast Received at (Location) Via:										

SUMMARY OF ACTIONS (ICS 214)						
	MAJOR EVENTS					
DATE/TIME	(Important decisions, significant events, briefings, reports on conditions, etc)					

SUMMARY OF ACTIONS (ICS 214)						
	MAJOR EVENTS					
DATE/TIME	(Important decisions, significant events, briefings, reports on conditions, etc)					

When to Report Wildland Fire Incidents with an ICS-209



A final 209 shall be completed at containment and/or control.

* Required fields for an ICS-209

INCIDENT STATUS SUMMARY (NIMS ICS 209)

*1. Incident Name:			2. Incident Numb	er:				
	* <mark>4. Incident C</mark> ommar Organization:	nder(s) & Agency or	5. Incident Management Organization:		Consider the Constant Date of Time: Date:			
☐ Initial Rpt #				Time:				
☐ Update (if used): ☐ Final				Time Zone:				
7. Current Incident Size or	8. Percent (%)	9. Incident	10. Incident	*11. For Time	o Poriod:			
Area Involved (use unit label – e.g., "sq mi," "city block"):	Contained or Completed (circle one):	Definition:	Complexity Leve					
'	one):			To Date/Time	e:			
pproval & Routing Information								
12. Prepared By:					D	13. ate/Time		
Print Name:		ICS Po	sition:		S	ubmitted:		
Date/Time Prepared:						ime Zone:		
*14. Approved By:						15. Primary		
Print Name:		ICS Pr	osition:		0	ocation, organization,		
Signature:						r Agency ent To:		
cident Location Information								
*16. State:	*17. Co	unty/Parish/Borough:		*18. City:				
19. Unit or Other:	*20. Inc	ident Jurisdiction:		21. Incident Lo	ocation Ownership in jurisdiction):			
22. Longitude (indicate format):	23. US I	National Grid Referen	ce:	24. Legal Description (township, section,				
Latitude (indicate format):				range):				
*25. Short Location or Area Descrip	tion (list all affected a	areas or a reference poi	nt):	26. UTM Coord	dinates:			
27. Note any electronic geospatial d	data included or atta	ched (indicate data forr	nat, content, and coll	ection time information	n and labels):			
ncident Summary								
Significant Events for the Time Period	d Reported (summari	ize significant progress	made, evacuations, in	ncident growth, etc.):				
	<u> </u>			,				
rimary Materials or Hazards Involved	(hazardous chemical	ls, fuel types, infectious	agents, radiation, etc	c.):				
amage Assessment Information (sum			al Summary	B. # Threatened (72 hrs)	C. # Damaged	D. # Dest		
al resources, critical infrastructure and l		E. Single R	esidences					
		F. Nonresid	lential					
		Commercia			1	 		

Additional Incident Decision Support Information	1				
31. Public Status Summary.	A. # This Reporting Period	B. Total # to Date	32. Responder Status Summary:	A. # This Reporting Period	B. Total # to Date
C. Indicate Number of Civilians (Public) Below:		<u> </u>	C. Indicate Number of Responders Below:		
D. Fatalities		<u></u>	D. Fatalities		
E. With Injuries/Illness			E. With Injuries/Illness		
F. Trapped/In Need of Rescue			F. Trapped/In Need of Rescue		
G. Missing (note if estimated)			G. Missing		
H. Evacuated (note if estimated)			Н.		
I. Sheltering in Place (note if estimated)			I. Sheltering in Place		
J. In Temporary Shelters (note if est.)			J.		
K. Have Received Mass Immunizations			K. Have Received Immunizations		
L. Require Immunizations (note if est.)			L. Require Immunizations		
M. In Quarantine			M. In Quarantine		
N. Total # Civilians (Public) Affected:			N. Total # Responders Affected:		
33. Life, Safety, and Health Status/Threat Remark	s:		34. Life, Safety, and Health Threat Management:	A. Check if Active	B. Notes
			C. No Likely Threat		
			D. Potential Future Threat		
			E. Mass Notifications in Progress		
			F. Mass Notifications Completed		
			G. No Evacuation(s) Imminent		
			H. Planning for Evacuation		
			I. Planning for Shelter-in-Place		
35. Weather Concerns (synopsis of current and pre	dicted weather;	discuss	J. Evacuation(s) in Progress		
related factors that may cause concern):			K. Shelter-in-Place in Progress		
			L. Repopulation in Progress		
			M. Mass Immunization in Progress		
			N. Mass Immunization Complete		
			O. Quarantine in Progress		
			P. Area Restriction in Effect		
			r. Ared Restriction in Eriect		

AFTER ACTION REVIEW						
INCIDENT NAME:	10					
DATE:	TIME:	COMPLEXITY:				
ATTENDEES:		1 0 0 1111 == 1 1111 111				
7111211222						
		actions, and how well they worked.				
Were they within Standard Ope What was planned?	rating Procedure and policy?					
Objectives						
,						
O						
Strategy/Tactics						
What actually happened?						
What was effective	/e/non-effective?					
What barriers we	re encountered and how we	ere they mitigated?				
		are may mangement				
What actions were	e not standard?					
Were there safety	y problems?					
Why did it happan?						
Why did it happen?	asons for ineffective or uns	afa narformanca?				
• What were the re	asons for inellective or uns	are periormance:				
What can be done next time?						
 Determine to app 	ly lessons learned in the fut	ure.				
Is there need to file a SAI	FENET?					
AAR Leader Signature:		Date:				
Reviewed By:		Date:				

1. CONTACT DISPATCH: Ex: "Cody Dispatch," your last name "with emergency traffic" 2. INCIDENT STATUS: Provide incident summary and command structure Nature of injury/Illness Describe the injury (Ex: broken leg with bleeding) Incident Name: Geographic name + "Medical" (Ex: Trout Meadow Medical) Incident Commander: Name of care provider (Ex: EMT Smith) Patient Care: 3. Initial Patient Assessment: Weight: Number of patients: Male/Female Age: ☐ Yes Conscious? □ No = Medevac! ☐ No = Medevac! Breathing? ☐ Yes Mechanism of injury What caused the injury? Lat/Long (Datum NAD83) 4. SEVERITY OF EMERGENCY, TRANSPORT PRIORITY: SEVERITY TRANSPORT PRIORITY ☐ URGENT - RED life threatening injury or illness Ambulance or MEDEVAC helicopter. Evacuation need is IMMEDIATE Ex: Unconscious, difficulty breathing, bleeding severely, 2nd-3rd degree burns more than 4 palm sizes, heat stroke, disoriented Ambulance or consider air transport if at remote location. Evacuation may be ☐ PRIORITY – YELLOW Serious injury or illness DELAYED Ex: Significant trauma, not able to walk, 2nd-3rd degree burns 1-2 palm sizes ROUTINE – GREEN Not a life threatening injury or illness. Ex: Sprains, Non-Emergency. Evacuation considered Routine of Convenience strains, minor heat related illness 5. TRANSPORT PLAN: Air Transport: (Agency Aircraft Preferred ☐ Helispot ☐ Short-haul/Hoist ☐ Life Flight ☐ Other Ground transport: ☐ Self-Extract ☐ Carry-Out ☐ Ambulance ☐ Other **6. ADDITIONAL RESOURCES/EQUIPMENT NEEDS:** ☐ Paramedic/EMT(s) ☐ Crew(s) ☐ SKED/Backboard/Collar □ Burn Sheet(s) □ Medication(s) □ Other (e.g. splints, rope rescue, wheeled litter) Oxygen IV/Fluid(s) ☐ Trauma Bag ☐ Cardiac Monitor/AED 7. COMMUNICATIONS:

Function	Channel Name/Number	Receive (Rx)	Tone/NAC*	Transmit (Tx)	Tone/NAC*
Ex: Command	Forest Rpt Ch 2	168.3250	110.9	171.4325	110.9
COMMAND					
AIR-TO-GROUND					
TACTICAL					

*(NAC for digital radios)

8. EVACUATION LOCATION:

Lat/Long (Datum NAD83)	
Ex: N 40° 42.45' x W 123° 03.24'	
Patient's ETA to Evacuation Location:	
Helispot/Extraction Size and Hazards	
•	1

9. CONTINGENCY:

Consideration: If primary options fail, what actions can be implemented in conjunction with primary evacuation method? Be thinking ahead
Consideration in primary epitone rain, must action to implement in conjunction man primary or actual in the implement in conjunction man primary or actual in the implement in conjunction man primary or actual in the implement in conjunction man primary or actual in the implement in the implemen

REMEMBER:

- Confirm ETAs of resources ordered
 - Act according to your level of training
- Be Alert, Keep Calm, Think Clearly, Act Decisively